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Global Studies Honors 9/10

**Tanzania**

**A brief history:**

Tanzania is one of the oldest countries to be continuously inhabited on Earth. Tanzania has been the home to many human fossil remains, some of which date back to over 2 million years ago.

Tanzania became an independent nation on April 26, 1964. It’s made up of over 26 regions. The nation’s eastern border is on the Indian Ocean. The capitol city is Dodoma, which is where the parliament and the government offices are. But the largest city is Dar es Salaam.

**Natural resources:**

* Ivory
* Beads
* Various cloths

**Population:**

* Total population of 38,329,000
* 80% of population is rural
* Around 50,000 citizens of Asian decent
* 70,000 Arabs
* 10,000 Europeans

**Ethnic groups/rivalries or tribal warfare:**

* 120 ethnic groups
* Only 9 of the groups have 1 million members
* Most of the groups are nomadic

**Impact of diseases in your country:**

The major disease of Tanzania is Malaria.

It is the leading cause of death to children in this nation. For adults, the leading killer is HIV/AIDS.

**European nations that colonized your country:**

Germany was the nation that colonized Tanzania.

**Type of government:**

Tanzania is a democracy.

**Problems that need to be addressed to country prosper:**

* Tourism

**Solutions to problems:**

They should advertise Zanzibar more, its so beautiful. The ocean is so blue and the nation is very laid back just like its “mother” nation of Germany. They could build hotels along the beaches and become a very wealthy nation off that along with all the oil they have.

**Citations:**

"Tanzania -." *Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia*. Web. 09 Feb. 2010. <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tanzania>.